



Read this entire manual carefully and completely before installation or operation of the tire changer

TRUCK TYRE CHANGER INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Tyre changer has been specifically designed to demount high-speed bus and truck tyres with rims form 14"to 26"and a maximum 1600mm diameter

Any other use is improper and therefore not authorized beginning any kind of work on or with this machine, carefully read and understand the contents of these operating instructions.

Shall not liable for any injury to persons or damage to things caused by improper use of this machine.

keep this manual near the machine and consult it as needed during operations.

2 TECHNICAL DATA

Hydraulic Pump motor	1.5KW
Rotating motor	2.2KW
Clamping capacity	14"-26"
Max. wheel diameter	1600mm(63")
Max. wheel width	780mm(30")
Max. wheel weight	500kg(1102lbs)
N/G Weight	520/670kg(1146/1477lbs)
Package dimension	2000*1580*970mm
Acoustic pressure level(at work)	LPA<70dB(A)

3 GENERAL SAFETY REGULATION

The use of this machine is reserved to specially trained and authorized personnel.

Any unauthorized changes or modifications to the machine,in particular to its electrics system, relieve form all liability.

Removing or tampering with the safety devices installed on this machine is in violation of European safety Regulations.



Any work, however minor, on the electric system must be done exclusively by professionally qualified personnel.

4 SAFETY DEVICES

Tyre changer has a number of safety devices designed to guarantee the utmost operator safety:

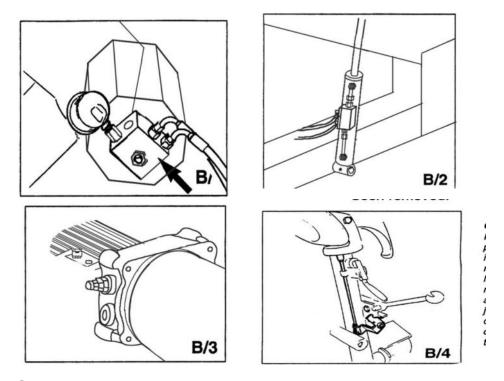
- 1. Check valve on the spindle opening hydraulic line (inside the swivel connector, see Fig.B/1). This prevents the wheel form falling form the spindle if the hydraulic is accidentally broken.
- 2. **pilot operated dual seal check valve(**see Fig.B/2)

 This prevents the spindle carrier arm from dropping if the hydraulic circuit accidentally breaks.
- 3. Pressure relief valve factory set at 130 bar \pm 5%(see Fig. B/3). This limits the pressure in the hydraulic circuit and ensure correct operation of the plant.
- 4. pump motor overload cut-out(inside the electric enclosure).

This cuts in if the motor overheats to prevent it from burning out.

5. Mechanical tool arm tip lock device (see Fig.B/4).

Prevents the arm form being moved to its "non-working position" if the tool has been removed.



CAUTION!

Removing or tampering with safeties is in violation of European Safety Regulations and relieves manufacturer of any and all liability for injury to persons to damage to things caused or referable to such acts.

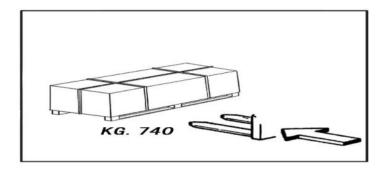
5 TRANSPORT

Depending on customer request, the machine is delivered in 3 packing versions:

- 1-in a wooden crate with pallet
- 2-fixed to a pallet
- 3-no packing

In all cases the machine is protected by a plastic covering.

In the first and second case, the machine must be handled with a fork-lift truck with the forks positioned as shown in the Figure.



6 UNPACKING

Once the packing material has been removed.check the machine visually for any signs of damage.

Keep the packing materials out of the reach of children as they can be a source of danger. N.B.:Keep the packing for possible future transport.

7 INSTALLATION INSTALLATION PLACE

Choose the place the machine is to be installed in compliance with current work place safety regulations.

The floor should not be broken or uneven so that the machine will be stable and the platform rollers can move freely.

If the installation is outdoor, it must be protected by some kind of roofing against rain.

The following work environment conditions are applicable:Relative humidity :form 30-95% without condensation; Temperature: form 0-55°C.



ATTENTION!

The machine must not be operated in explosive atmospheres.

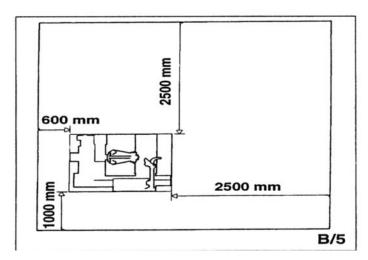
7. 1 WORKPLACE REQUIREMENTS

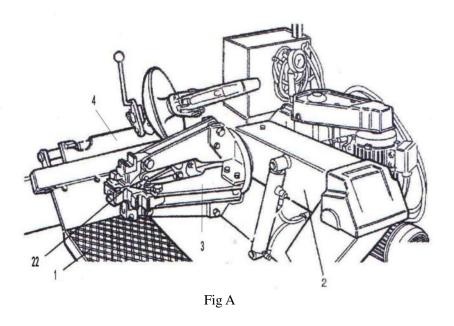
Maximum machine space requirements are 1950×1600 mm with a minimum distance from walls as shown in the diagram.

Caution! These measurements are also the tyre changers working range. persons other than specially trained and authorized operators are expressly forbidden to enter this area.

Position the tyre changer lifting it with the specific bracket (1,Fig.A) with the tool carrier arm (2,Fig.A) lowered all the way. the spindle (3,Fig.A) closed and the tool carrier slide (4,Fig.A) at its stop close to the arm.

It is not essential to anchor the machine to the floor however, the floor must be smooth and permit the platform rollers to move freely.





7. 2 ELECTRIC HOOK UP

Before making any electric hook up, check to be certain that the mains voltage corresponds to that stamped on the voltage tag (attached to the cord near the tyre changer's plug).

It is absolutely essential that:

- -the system is equipped with a good grounding circuit.
- -The machine is connected to a power supply line circuit breaker set for 30 mA.
- -The current instate is adequately protected against overcurrents with fuses or automatic switch with rated values as swohn in the table.

nower supply	Rated current		
power supply	Fuse	Switch	
380v-3ph-50/60Hz.	10A	16A	

Note the required power draw as highlinghted on the data plate fixed to the tyre changer. Check to make sure the shop electric wiring circuit is dimensioned sufficiently to carry this.

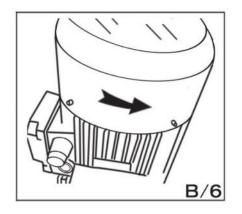


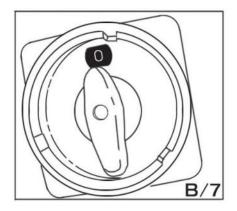
Work on the electric system, even if minor, must be done exclusively by professionally qualified personnel.

Manufacturer shall not be liable for any injury to persons or damage to things caused by failure to comply with these regulations and can cancel warranty coverage.

7. 3 SENSE OF ROTATION CHECKS

Connect the machine to the mains, switch "ON"(5,Fig.B/7)and check that the gearbox motor rotation corresponds to the indicating arrow(6,Fig.B/6).





8 HYDRAULIC OIL OPERATION INSTRUCTION

Before the first time using, Please check is there enough hydraulic oil in the oil tank; if not, please purchase the correct hydraulic oil your local market.

the method of checking the hydraulic oil level: open the cover of the oil tank, observer is there oil on the bar (as the follow picture shows), if there is hydraulic oil on the bar, that means the hydraulic oil is enough, if not, you must be purchase the correct type of hydraulic oil and filled enough hydraulic oil to the oil tank



NOTE: please prepare two types of the hydraulic oil: #46 and #32. use #32 hydraulic oil in summer, and change it with #46 oil in winter

NOTE:Before users add hydraulic oil to the oil tank, should check the type of the hydraulic oil in the tank clearly, don't mix. (#46 hydraulic viscosity is more high than #32 hydraulic, this is the difference.)

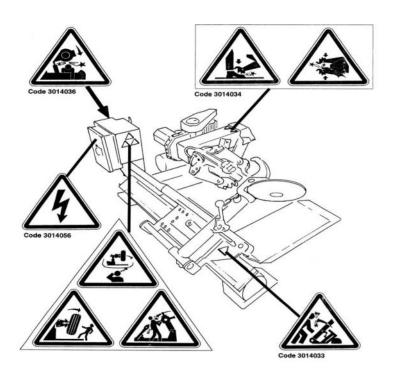
If there is tips like $\frac{46}{9}$ or $\frac{432}{9}$

on the hydraulic oil box, that is means this machine was

tested with #46 or #32 hydraulic oil ex-factory. So that, maybe there still has hydraulic oil inside the hydraulic oil box. but the users also need to check whether the hydraulic oil enough or not before the first time using. If there isn't tips on the hydraulic oil box that means the hydraulic oil was cleared, the users need to add by themselves.



9 IDENTIFYING WARNING SIGNALS





WARNING!

Unreadable and missing warning labels must be replaced immediately.

Don't interpose any object witch could prevent the operator from seeing the labels.

Use the code in this table to order labels that you might need.

10 IDENTIFICATION OF CONTROL

The mobile control center(**Fig.c**) enables the operator to work at any position around the machine .on this mobile control center the following controls are located:

- **-The lever(8,Fig.c)**which in position a lifts the chuck arm and in position **b** lowers it; in position **c** moves the tool holder arm and in position **d** moves them away.(Note:in order to memorise this operation, there is a hole in the lever guard corresponding to position **c**).
- -The chuck switch(9,Fig.c)when moved upwards, opens the arms of the self-centering chuck (LOCKING), and when moved down, close the arm of the self-centering chuck(UN-LOCKING).
- **-The pedal(10,Fig.c)** when pressed on the left or right side rotates the self-centering chuck in the same direction as shown by the arrows placed on the foot pedal.

NOTE: all the controls are very sensitive and small movements of the .machine can be done with precision.

The tyre changer also has:

Lever(15,Fig.D) to tip the tool carrier arm (**14,Fig.D)** form its work to its non-working position and vice-versa.

Handle(19,Fig.D) that permits alternative use of the bead-breaking disk(17,Fig.D) or the hooked tool(18,Fig.D).

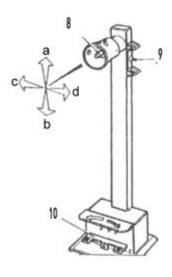


Fig C

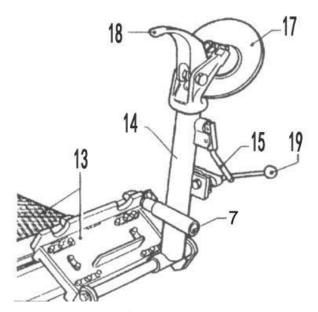
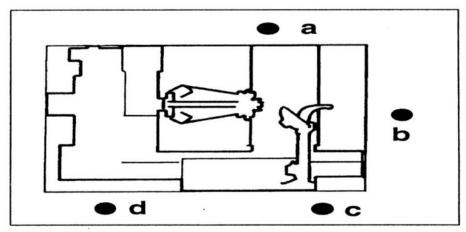


Fig D

11 WORKING POSITION



The diagram shown here illustrates the various working positions (A,B,C,D)referred to in the following pages describing how to use the tyre changer. Use of these positions ensures greater precision, speed and safety for those using the machine.



Lifting arm lift or lower and hydraulic chuck open or close, there is always a potential for crushing anything in its movement range. Always work form the position given in the instructions keep well out of the working range.

12 CORRECT OPERATION CHECKS

Before using the tyre changer, a number of checks should be made to ensure it works correctly.

CAUTION! The operations described here should be done with the tool carrier arm in its non-working position.

First use lever(15,Fig.d) to tip the arm to this position.



CAUTION!

Do not move your face close to the tool carrier arm when you release it to tip it as needed.

1) move the joystick(8,Fig.c)up (a):the spindle carrier arm (2,Fig.a) should lift; move the joystick down (b):the arm should lower.

move the joystick towards the left (C):the tool carriage and the mobile platform(13,Fig.D) should move towards the spindle(3,Fig.A);move the joystick towards the right (d) the carriage and platform should move away form the spindle.





DANGER!

When the spindle carrier arm is lowered. There is always a potential for crushing anything in its movement range. Always work from the position given in the instructions keep well out of the working range of the various moving arms.

2)Tum switch lever(9,Fig.C) towards the top:the spindle arm should open; (2,Fig.A) move the lever down and the spindle arms should close.





DANGER!

When the spindle arms open or closed, there is always a potential for crushing anything in their movement range.

Always work form the position given in the imstru-Ctions keep well out of the spindle'swprking range.

3)depress the right pedal(10,Fig.C): the spindle(2,Fig.A) should turn clockwise; depress the left pedal: the spindle should turn anticlockwise.

4) check to be certain the hydraulic circuit is working correctly:

- -move switch lever(9,Fig.C) towards the top until the spindle arms are fully extended.
- -hold the switch lever in this position (Top) and check if the pressure shown on the gauge on the swivel fitting is 130 bar 5%.

If the pressure shown in not as indicated here, do not use the tyre changer and call your nearest assistance center.

13 USE



WARNING!

During all operations, keep hands and the other parts of the body as possible form moving parts of the machine.

Necklaces, bracelets and too large clothes can bedangerous for the operator.

LOCKING THE WHEEL



WARNING!

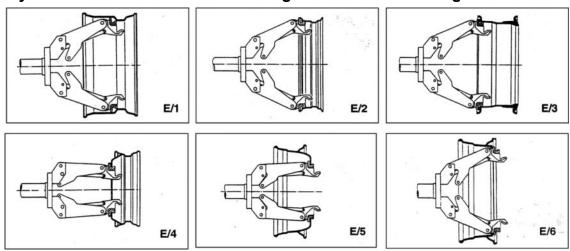
In locking the wheel, make sure that clamps are properly positioned on the rim, so as to prevent the tyre form falling.



- 1) take the mobile control unit to work position B.
- 2) pull the tool-holder arm (14,Fig.D) into the upright position.
- 3)Operating form the mobile control center, move the sliding table (13,Fig.D) away form the self-centering chuck and place the wheel in vertical position on the sliding table.
- 4)Continuing to operate form the mobile control center, lift or lower the arm in order center the self-centering chuck(3,Fig.A) relative to the rim.

5)With the jaws(22,Fig.A) in the closed position, move the wheel on the sliding table to the self-centering chuck. Operate the chuck switch (9,Fig.C)to open the self-centering chuck and lock onto the inside wheel rim. The most convenient locking position on the rim may be selected according to FigE/1-E/2-E/3-E/4-E/5 and E/6.

Always remember that the safest locking is on the central flange.



N.B.for rims with channel, clamp the wheel so that the channel is near the outside of the rim (Fig.E/1)



DANGER!

This operation can be extremely dangerous.

Do it manually only if you are certain you can keep the wheel balanced.

For large and heavy tyres an adequate lifting device must be used.



DANGER!

Do not very the area with a wheel clamped on the tyre changer and lifted up from the floor.

TUBELESS AND SUPERSINGLE WHEELS BEAD BREAKING

- 1) Look the wheel on the self-centering chuck, as previously described, and ensure that the tyre is deflated.
- 2) Take the mobile control unit to work position C.
- 3) LOWER THE TOOL-HOLDER ARM (14,Fig.F) into is working position and allow it to
- 4) Operating form the mobile centre, rotate the wheel until the outside of the rim skims the bead-breaker disk(Fig.F).
- 5) Rotate the wheel and at the same time, advance the bead-breaker plate with small forward movements following the profile of the rim, with the plate.

6) Continue until the first bead is fully detached. To facilitate this operation, lubricate the bead and the edge of rim with tyre lubricant whilst the wheel is rotated.



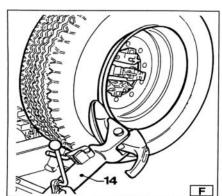
DANGER!

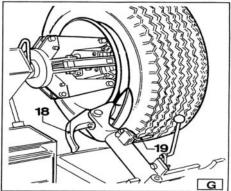
Always check to be certain that the arm is corrected hooked to the carriage.



DANGER!

The bead breaker disk must NOT be pressed against the rim but against the bead.







CAUTION!

To avoid all risk, lubricate the beads turning the wheel CLOCKWISE if you are working on the outside plane and ANTICLOCKWISE if working on the inside plane.

Remember that the stronger the tyre's adherence to the rim. the slower must be the disk's penetration.

- 7) Bring the tool carrier arm (14,Fig.F) back form the edge of the rim.Release the hook, raise the arm to its non-working position, shift it and rehook it in its second work position (Fig.G).
- 8) Push the double headed tool lever (19,Fig.G)and turn the head 180° until it locks automatically.

Then slide the tool-holder arm along the sliding table and lock it in position.



DANGER!

Do not hold your hands on the tool when you bring it back to its work position. Your hand(s) could be trapped between the tool and the wheel.



9) Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

Repeat the operation previously described until the second bead is completely broken. N.B.:During the bead breaking. The claw(18,Fig.G) can be lowed so that it is out of the way.

DEMOUNTING

Tubeless tyres can be demounted in two ways:

1)If the tyre is not difficult to demount, once the beads have been loosened, use the bead disk to push against the inside plane of the tyre until both beads come off the rim (see Fig.H) 2)With supersingle or very hard tyres the procedure described above cannot be used. The hook tool will have to be used as follows:

-Transfer the tool carrier arm to the outside plane of the tyre.



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

- -Rotate the wheel and at the same time move the hook tool forward inserting it between rim and bead until it is anchored to the bead (see Fig.I)
- -Move the rim 4-5 cm form the tool taking care that it does not unhook form the bead.
- -Move the hook tool towards the outside until the red reference dot is by the outside edge of the rim.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- -Insert lever BL(17,Fig.I) between rim and bead at the right of the tool.
- -Press down on the lever and lower the wheel to bring the edge of the rim about 5 cm form the hooked tool.
- -Turn the wheel anticlockwise pressing down on lever BL until the tool bead is completely off.
- -Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position and then move it to the inside plane of the wheel.



Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

- -Turn the hook tool 180° and insrt it between rim and bead(see Fig.L). Move it until the bead is by the edge of the rim (best to do this with the wheel turning).
- -Move the rim about 4-5 cm from the tool making sure the hook does not detach form the rim.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- -Move the hook tool so that its red reference dot is about 3 cm inside the rim.
- -Insert lever BL(17,Fig.I) between rim and bead at the right of the tool.
- -Press down on the lever and lower the wheel to bring the edge of the rim about 5 cm form the hooked tool. Turn the wheel anticlockwise pressing down on lever LA until the tyre comes completely off the rim.

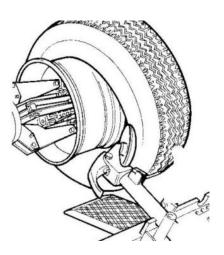
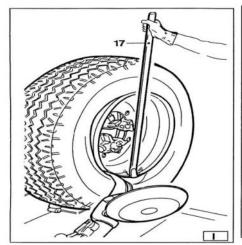
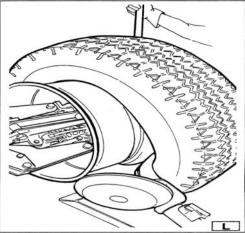


Fig H







DANGER!

When the beads come off the rim, the tyre will fall. Check to make sure there are no bystanders in the work area.

MOUNTING

Tubeless tyres can be mounted using either the **bead breaker disk** or the **hook tool**. If the tyre is not problematic, use the bead loosener disk. If the tyre is very rigid, the hook tool must be used.

TYRE MOUNTING WITH THE DISK

Follow these steps:

- 1) If the rim has been removed form the spindle, put it back on the spindle as described in the section on "CLAMPING THE WHEEL"
- 2) Lubricate both beads and the rim with tyre manufacturer recommended lubricant.
- 3) Attach the RP clip to the outside edge of the rim at the highest point(see Fig.M).



CAUTION!

Make sure the clip is firmly attached to the rim.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- 4) Put the tyre on the platform and lower the spindle (make sure the clip is at the high point).
- 5) Lift the rim with the tyre hook to it and turn it anticlockwise about 15-20 cm. The tyre will be positioned tilted across the rim.



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

6) Position the bead loosener disk against the second bead of the tyre and turn the spindle until the clip is at the low point(at 6 o'clock)

- 7) Move the disk away form the wheel.
- 8) Remove the clip and replace it at 6 o'clock outside the second bead(see Fig.N).
- 9) Turn the spindle clockwise 90° to bring the clip to 9 o'clock.
- 10)Move the disk forward until it is about 1-2 cm inside the edge of the rim. Begin to turn the spindle clockwise checking to make sure that, with a 90° turn, the second bead begins to slip into the center well.
- 11)When the bead is fully mounted, move the tool away form the wheel, tip it to its non-working position and remove the clip.
- 12)Position the platform under the wheel, lower the spindle until the wheel rests on the platform.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

13)Close the arms of the spindle completely. Support the wheel to prevent it falling off.

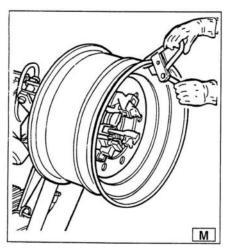


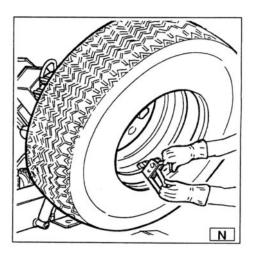
DANGER!

This operation can be extremely dangerous. Do it manually only if you are certain you can keep the wheel balanced.

For large and heavy tyre an adequate lifting device must be used.

- 14) Move the platform to remove the wheel form the spindle.
- 15)Remove the wheel.





NB:If the tyre permits it, the operation described above can be speeded up by mounting both beads at the same time:

- -Follow the steps described under points 1,2,3,4 described above but instead attaching the clip to just the first bead (refer to point 4)clip it to both.
- -Lift the rim with the tyre hooked to it and turn it anticlockwise 15-20 cm (clip at 10 o'clock).
- -Follow the steps described in points 10,11,12,13,14,15 above.

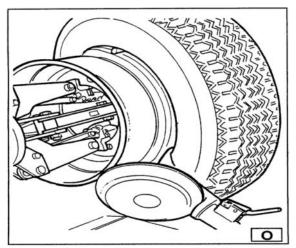
MOUNTING WITH THE HOOKED TOOL

- 1) Follow the steps described in points 1,2,3,4,5 for mounting with the disk.
- 2) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. Move it to the inside plane of the tyre and rehook it at this position.
- 3) Check to make sure the hook tool is positioned on the wheel side. If not, press lever(19,Fig.D)and turn it 180°.



Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

4) Move the tool forward until the red reference dot is lined up with the outside edge of the rim and about 5 mm form it(see Fig.O).





Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

- 5) Move to the outside of the wheel and check the exact position of the took visually and adjust it as needed. Then turn the spindle clockwise until the clip is at the bottom (6 o'clock). The first bead will be on the rim.
- 6) Remove the clip.



Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

- 7) Remove the tool from the tyre.
- 8) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. Move it to the outside plane of the tyre and rehook it in this position.
- 9) Turn the tool 180° with lever(19,Fig.D).
- 10)Attach the clip at the bottom (6,o'clock) outside the second bead(see Fig.N)



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

- 11) Turn the spindle clockwise to about 90° (clip at 9 o'clock).
- 12)Bring the tool forward until the red reference dot is lined up with the outside edge of the rim and about 5 mm form it. Begin to turn the spindle clockwise and check if, after about 90° of rotation the second bead has started to slip into the center well. Continue turning until the clip is at the bottom (6 o'clock). The second bead will now be mounted on the rim.
- 13)Follow the steps described in points 11,12,13,14,15 for mounting with the disk since this will ensure that the wheel is removed correctly form the machine.

TUBED WHEELS BEAD BREAKING

WARNING: Unscrew the bush which fixes the valve when deflating the tyre so that

the valve, coming in the inside of the rim, is not an obstacle during bead breaking.

Follow all the steps described previously for bead breaking tubeless tyres.

With tubed tyres, however, stop disk movement as soon as the bead has loosened to avoid damaging the tube inflation valve.

DEMOUNTING



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

- 1) Tip the tool carrier arm **(14,Fig.D)**to its non-working position. Move it to the outside plane of the wheel and rehook it in this position.
- 2) Rotate the wheel and at the same time move the hook tool(18,Fig.D)forward inserting it between rim and bead until it is anchored to the tool.
- 3) Move the rim 4-5 cm form the tool taking care that it does not unhook form the bead.
- 4) Move the hook tool towards the outside until the red reference dot is by the outside edge of the rim.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- 5) Insert lever BL(see Fig.P)between rim and bead at the right of the tool.
- 6) Press down on the lever and lower the wheel to bring the edge of the rim about 5 cm from the hooked tool.
- 7) Turn the wheel anticlockwise pressing down on lever BL until the bead is completely off.
- 8) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. Lower the spindle until the tyre is pressed down against the platform. As the platform is moved slightly towards the outside, the tyre will open a little and thus create enough space to remove the inner tube.
- 9) Remove the inner tube and lift wheel back up.





Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

- 10)Move the tool carrier arm to the inside plane of the tyre, turn the hook tool 180° and lower the arm to its work position. Insert it between rim and bead and move it until the bead is by the form edge of the rim(best to do this with the wheel turning).
- 11) Move the rim about 4-5 cm form the tool making sure the hook does not detach from the rim.

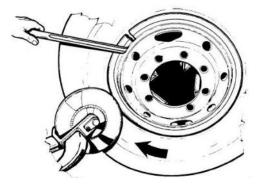


Fig Q



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- 12) Move the hook tool so that its red reference dot is about 3 cm in side the rim.
- 13)Insert lever BL between rim and bead at the right of the tool(see Fig.Q).
- 14)Press down on the lever and lower the wheel to bring the edge of the rim about 5 cm

from the hooked tool. Turn the wheel anticlockwise pressing down on lever BL until the tyre comes completely off the rim.



DANGER!

When the beads come off the rim, the wheel will fall. Check to make sure there are no by-standers in the work area.

MOUNING

- 1) If the rim has been removed from the spindle, put it back on the spindle as described in the section on "CLAMPING THE WHEEL".
- 2) Lubricate both beads and the rim with tyre manufacturer recommended lubricant.
- 3) Attach the RP clip to the outside edge of the rim at the highest point(see Fig.R).



CAUTION!

Make sure the clip is firmly attached to the rim.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- 4) Put the tyre on the platform and lower the spindle (make sure the clip is at the high point) to hook the first bead on the clip.
- 5) Lift the rim with the tyre hook to it and turn it anticlockwise about 15-20 cm. The tyre will be positioned tilted across the rim.
- 6) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. Move it to the inside plane of the tyre and rehook it in this position.
- 7) Check to make sure the hook tool is positioned on the wheel side. If not, press lever(19,Fig.D)and turn it 180°.



Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

8) Move the tool forward until the red reference dot is lined up with the outside edge of the rim and about 5 mm from it(see Fig.S)



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

9) Move to the outside of the wheel and check the exact position of the hook visually and adjust it as needed. Then turn the spindle **clockwise** until the clip is at the bottom (6 o'clock). The first bead will be on the rim. Remove the clip.

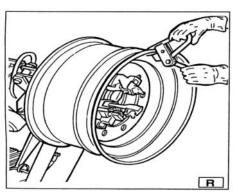


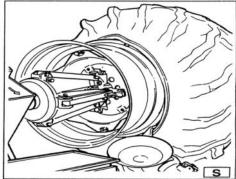
Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

- 10) Remove the tool from the tyre.
- 11) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. Move it to the outside plane of the tyre.
- 12) Turn the tool 180° with lever(19, Fig. D)



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

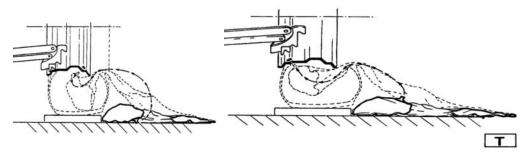




- 13) Turn the spindle until the valve hole is at the bottom (6 o'clock).
- 14)Move the platform(4 Fig. A) under the wheel and lower the spindle until the tyre is pressed down against the platform. As the platform is moved slightly towards the outside, the tyre will open a little and thus create enough space to insert the inner tube.

NB:The valve hole may be asymmetrical to the center of the rim. In this case position and insert the inner tube as shown in Fig .T.

Insert the valve through the hole and fix it with its locking ring.



- 15)Place the inner tube in the center well of the rim(NB:to facilitate this, turn the spindle clockwise).
- 16) Turn the spindle until the valve is at the bottom (6 o'clock).
- 17)Inflate the inner tube a little(until it has no folds)so as not to pinch it while mounting the second bead.
- 18) Attach an extension to the valve and then remove the locking ring.

NB:The purpose of this operation is to allow the valve to be loose so that it is not ripped out during second bead mounting.



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

- 19) Move the tool carrier arm (14, Fig. D) to its working position.
- 20) Bring the tool forward until the red reference dot is lined up with the outside edge of the rim and about 5 mm from it.
- 21)Pull back on this lever which will guide the bead into centre well. Continue to turn the spindle until the tyre is completely mounted on the rim.
- 22) Tip the tool carrier arm to its non-working position.
- 23)Position the platform directly under the wheel and lower the spindle until the wheel rests on the platform.

- 24) When the wheel is resting on the platform, check to make sure the valve is perfectly centered with its hole. If it is not, turn the spindle slightly to adjust the position. Fix the valve with its locking ring and remove the extension.
- 25) Close the arms of the spindle completely. Support the wheel to prevent it falling off.
- 26) Move the platform to release the wheel from the spindle.
- 27) Remove the wheel.



DANGER!

This operation can be extremely dangerous.

Do it manually only if you are certain you can keep the wheel balanced.

For large and heavy tyres an adequate lifting device must be used.

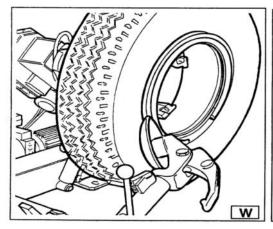
WHEELS WITH SPLIT RING BEAD BREAKING AND DEMOUNTING

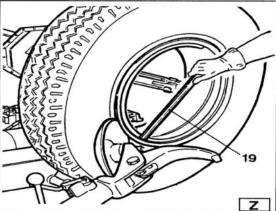
WHEELS WITH 3-PIECE RINGS

- 1) Clamp the wheel on the spindle as described previously and check to make sure it has been deflated.
- 2)Take the mobile control unit to work position B.
- 3) Lower the tool carrier arm(14,Fig.D) to its work position until it is locked in position by its hook.
- 4) position the bead loosener disk level with the rim (see Fig.W.)
- 5) Turn the spindle and at the same time move the disk forward a bit at a time following the contour of the rim until the first bead is completely free (NB: lubricate while doing this).

CAUTION!If the tyre has an inner tube, work very carefully and be prepared to stop the disk immediately once the bead has been broken so as not to damage the valve and the inner tube.

- 6) Repeat this procedure but this time bring the disk against the split-ring(see Fig.Z) until the lock ring is freed. Remove this with the special lever TL(19 Fig.Z) or with the help of the disk.
- 7) Remove the split-ring.





8) Move the tool carrier arm **(14 Fig.D)** back from the edge of the rim. Release the hook and tip the arm to its non-working position.

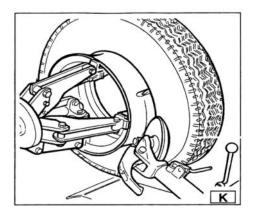
Move the tool carrier arm to the inside plane of the wheel.

- 9) Press lever **(19 Fig.D)** and turn the tool head 180° which will automatically lock in this position. Lower the arm to its working position.
- 10) Turn the spindle and at the same time bring the bead loosener disk up against the tyre following the contour of the split-ring until the second bead has been broken (NB: Lubricate during this process). Continue to move the disk forward until about half the tyre has demounted from the rim (see Fig.K).
- 11) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position.
- 12) Move the platform(4 Fig.A) directly under the wheel .
- 13) Lower the spindle until the wheel is resting on the platform.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

14) Move the platform towards the outside until the tyre completely off the rim. Watch out for the valve!



WHEELS WITH 5-SEGMENT SPLIT RINGS

1) Clamp the wheel on the spindle as described previously make sure it is deflated.



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

- 2) Lower the tool carrier arm (14 Fig .D) to its work position until its hook has clicked into position on the bar.
- 3) Use the joystick to position the wheel so that the bead breaker disk touches up against outside edge of the centre well rim.
- 4) Turn the spindle and at the same time move the bead breaker disk forward until the split-ring is detached. Watch out for the o-ring.
- 5) Repeat this operation but this time move the disk against the split-ring(see Fig.Z) until the locking ring is released. This ring can be removed with the special TL lever (19,Fig.Z) or with the help of the bead disk.
- 6) Remove the o-ring.
- 7) Move the tool carrier arm (14,Fig.D) back from the edge of the rim. Release the hook and tip the arm to its non-working position.
- 8) Press lever (19,Fig.D)and turn the tool head 180° which will automatically lock in this position. Lower the arm to its working position.



Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

- 9) Turn the spindle and at the same time bring the bead loosener disk up against the tyre between the rim and bead. Move the disk into the tyre only when the bead has started to detach from the rim and move the bead to the outside edge of the rim.(NB:Lubricate during this process).
- 10) Tip the tool carrier arm to its non-work position.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- 11) Move the platform (4, Fig. A) directly under the wheel.
- 12) Lower the spindle until the wheel is resting on the platform.
- 13) Move the platform towards the outside until the tyre together with the split ring comes completely off the rim.
- 14) Remove the rim from the spindle.
- 15) Position the tyre on the platform with the splint ring turned towards the spindle.
- 16)Clamp the split ring on the spindle as explained in the section of CLAMPING THE WHEEL.



DANGER!

The tyre is not attacherd to the split ring completely safely. Any strain on it during position or clamping operations could cause ot to detach and fall.



Take the mobile control unit to work position D.

- 17)Lift the wheel.
- 18) Move the tool carrier arm back to its work position.
- 19) Position the spindle so that the bead breaker disk is lined up with the bead.
- 20)Turn the spindle and move the disk forward until the tyre comes completely off the split ring.



DANGER!

When the beads come off the rim, the wheel will fall. Check to make sure there are no by-standers in the work area.

MOUNTING

WHEELS WITH 3-PIECE SPLIT-RINGS

- Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. If the rim has been removed from the spindle, put it back on the spindle as described in the section on "CLAMPING THE WHEEL"
 - If the tyre is tubed, position the rim with the valve slot at the bottom(6 o'clock).
- 2) Lubricate both beads and the rim with tyre manufacturer recommended lubricant.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

3) Move the platform to be able to place the tyre on it.

NB:If the tyre is tubed, position the rim with the valve slot at the bottom(6 o'clock)

- 4) Lower or raise the spindle to centre the rim and the tyre.
- 5) Move the platform forward until the rim is inserted into the tyre.

CAUTION!If the tyre is tubed push the valve inside so as not to damage it. Move forward with the platform until rim is completely in the tyre.

6) Bring the tool carrier arm to the outside plane and lower it to its work position with the disk towards the wheel.

NB:If the tyre is not inserted sufficiently on the rim, move the spindle until the tyre bead is by the disk. Bring the disk forward(with the spindle turning) until it is completely inserted.

- 7) Put the split-ring on the rim and then install the locking ring with the help of the disk as shown in Fig .Y.
- 8) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position and, at the same time, close the spindle arms. Support the wheel so that it does not fall off.



DANGER!

This operation can be extremely dangerous.

Do it manually only if you are certain you can keep the wheel balanced.

For large and heavy tyres an adequate lifting device must be used.

9)Move the platform to free the wheel from the spindle.

10)Remove the wheel.

WHEELS WITH 5-SEGMENT SPLIT-RINGS

- 1) Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position. If the rim has been removed from the spindle, put it back on the spindle as described in the section on "CLAMPING THE WHEEL".
- 2) Lubricate both beads and the rim with tyre manufacturer recommended lubricant.



Take the mobile control unit to work position B.

- 3) Move the platform to be able to place the tyre on it.
- 4) Lower or raise the spindle to centre the rim and the tyre.
- 5) Move the platform forward until the rim is inserted into the tyre.
- 6) Put the split-ring on the rim and(with the lock ring already mounted).

NB:If the rim and the split-ring have slits for fixing devices, make sure they are lined up with each other.



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

7) Move the tool carrier arm to the outside in its work position with the bead breaker disk turned towards the wheel.

NB:If the split-ring is not inserted sufficiently on the rim, move the spindle until the split-ring

is by the disk. Bring the disk forward(with the spindle turning) until you "discover" the O-ring seating.

8) Lubricate the O-ring and its seating.



Take the mobile control unit to work position C.

9) Position the locking ring on the rim with the help of the disk as shown in Fig .Y. Move the tool carrier arm to its non-working position and close the spindle arms completely. Support the wheel so that it does not fall off the spindle.



DANGER!

This operation can be extremely dangerous.

Do it manually only if you are certain you can keep the wheel balanced.

For large and heavy tyres an adequate lifting device must be used.

10) Move the platform to free the wheel from the spindle.

11)Remove the wheel.



DANGER!

Do not inflate the tyre with the wheel mounted on the spindle. Tyre inflation is dangerous and should only be done by removing the wheel from the spindle and placing it inside a safety cage.

14 ORDINARY MAINTENANCE



WARNING!

Each maintenance operation must be effected only after the disconnection of the plug from electric network.

To ensure that this tyre changer works perfectly over the years, carry out the routine maintenance schedule described below:

- 1) **Lubricate** the following parts from time to time, after a thorough cleaning with naphtha:
- -the various swivels on the spindle
- -the tool bracket slide runner
- -the carriage guide plate.
- 2) **Grease** the spindle bracket lift cylinder from time to time and also its swivel. Add the grease through the grease nipples (see Fig.J) using ordinary lubricating grease.

NB:To reach the grease nipple on the bracket, remove the plastic cap by removing the two self-tapping screws as shown in Fig .J.

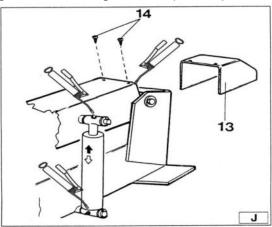
3) From time to time **check** the oil level in the hydraulic power pack. Use the dipstick under the reservoir cap.

If necessary top up with Esso Nuto H46 or similar hydraulic oil (eg, Agip 0so 46, shell tellus oil 46, Mobil DTE 25, Castrol Hyspin AWS 46, Chevron RPM EP Hydraulic oil 46, BP Energol HLP).

4) From time to time **check** the oil level in the gear unit which, when the tool carrier bracket is completely lowered at end travel, should not show the sight glass on the gear casing

as completely empty. If necessary top up with Esso Spartan EP 320 or similar oil(eg, Agip F1 REP 237, BP GRX P 320, Chevron Gear Compound 320, Mobil Gear 632, sell omala oil 320, Castrol Alpha SP 320).

NB: If the oil in the gear unit or the hydraulic power pack has to be changed, note that the gear unit casing and the power pack reservoir have specific drain plugs.





WARNING!

Each maintenance operation must be effected only after the disconnection of the plug from electric network.

15 TROUBLE SHOOTING

After having switched the general button on the electric pack, the general warning light does not light on and no control can function.

- 1) The feeding plug is not connected.
- 2) There is no current in the electric mains.
- 1) Insert plug in the socket.
- 2) Restore the electric mains.

After having switched the general button on the general warning light also switches on but the motor on the hydraulic power pack does not function.

- 1)The emergency switch for motor protection is working.
- 1)Call for technical aid to see what is the problem and restore the machine.



WARNING:

If, inspite of the above mentioned indications the tyre changer does not work properly, do not use it and call for technical assistance.

16 MOVING THE MACHINE

The tyre changer has got a fork(1,Fig.A) which has been position there on purpose for moving the machine.

Follow these instructions:

- 1) Low the turntable holding arm (2,Fig .A) completely down.
- 2) Close completely the jaws of the chuck(3,Fig.A).
- 3) Bring the sliding table(4, Fig.A) at the end of its travel, near the arm.
- 4) Insert into the lifting fork a hoisting belt (at least 60 mm wide and of a length sufficient to bring the hook of the belt above the tyre changer).

5) With the special belt ring bring the 2 ends of the belt together and lift with a sufficiently strong lifting truck.

17 STORING

If the machine as to be stored for a long time 3-4 months you have to:

- 1) Close the jaws of the chuck; low the chuck holding arm down; low the tool holding arm down, in working position.
- 2) Disconnect the machine form all power sources.
- 3) Grease all the parts that could be damaged if they dry out:
- the chuck
- the slot of the tool holding arm
- the slides of the carriage
- the tool

Empty oil/hydraulic fluid reservoirs and wrap the machine in a sheet of protective platic to prevent dust from reaching the internal working parts.

If the machine as to working again after a long storing period, it is necessary to:

- -put the oil into the reservoirs again.
- -with a turn screw press the pin on the middle of the electro-valves of the hidraulic power pack(see Fig .X) in order to manually unlock the electro-Valves which could be locked after a long period of inactivity.
- -restore the electric connection.

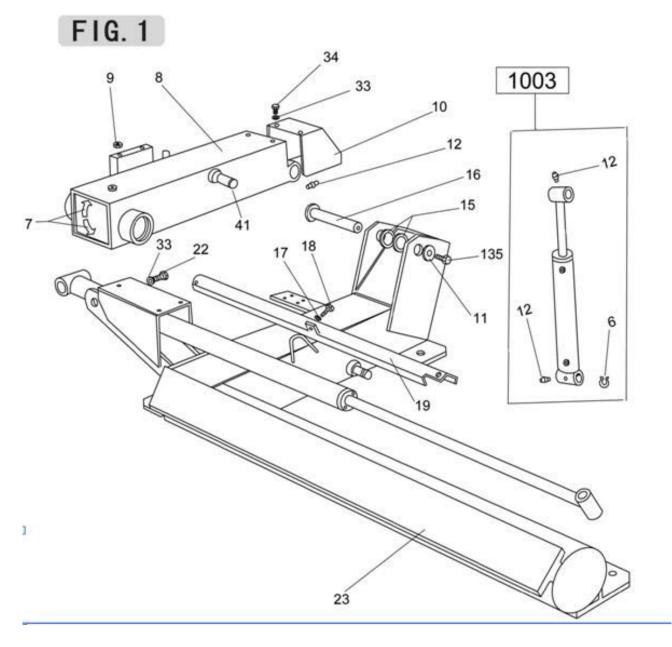
18 SCRAPPING A MACHINE

When you machine's working life is over and it can no longer be used, it must be made inoperative by removing any connection to power sources.

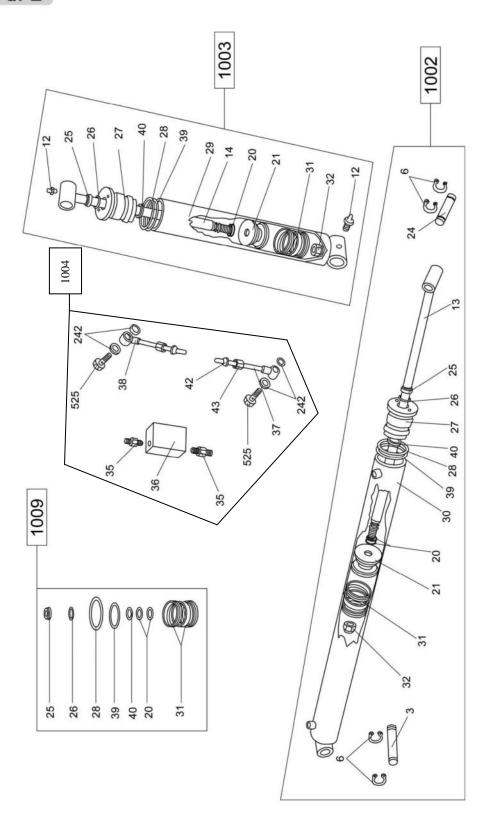
These units are considered as special waste material, it should be broken down into uniform parts and disposed of in compliance with current laws and regulations.

If the packing are not polluting or non-biodegradable, deliver them to appropriate handline station.

19 EXPLORDING DRAWINGS

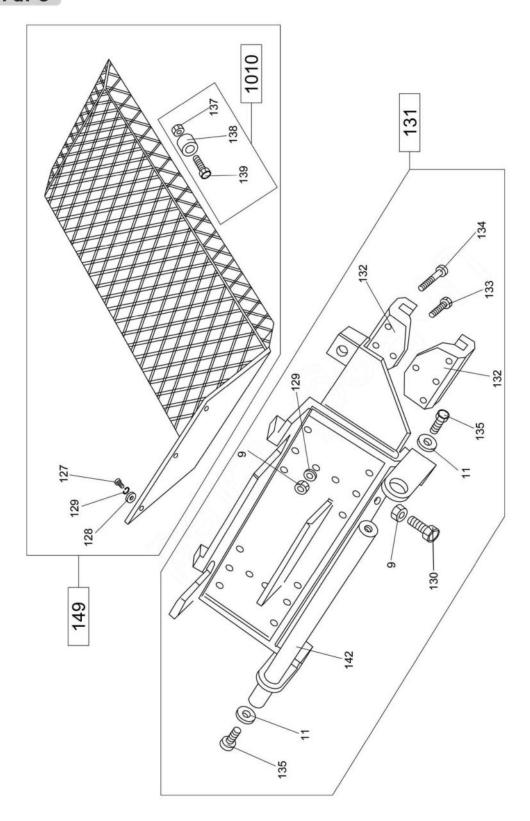


6	Seeger ring ext Φ24	18	Screw M8x12
7	Label	19	Long cylinder cover
8	Chuck arm	22	Screw
9	Nut M10	23	Frame
10	Frame cover	33	Washer Φ6
11	Washer Φ`49*12.5*5	34	Screw (70) M6x16
12	Oil hole	41	Short cylinder pin shaft
15	Washer	135	Screw M12x12
16	Chuck arm shaft	1003	Complete short cylinder
17	Washer Φ8		

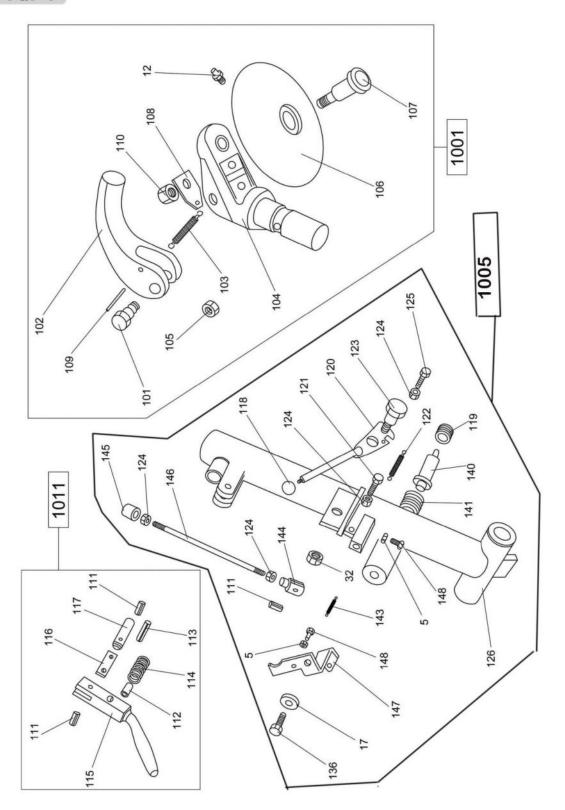


3	Long cylinder fixing long pin	32	Self-locking nut M18X1.5
6	Seeger ring ext Ф24	35	Nipple M19-M14
12	Oil hole	36	Non-return valve
13	Long cylinder shaft	37	Wheel Hose Φ8x10
14	Short cylinder shaft	38	Junction
20	O-ring Ф20x2.4	39	O-ring Ф41.5x3.55
21	Piston	40	Gasket for shaft (blue) YD32
24	Long cylinder fixing short pin	42	Coupling Φ8
25	Dust seal(green)	43	Cover M14x1.5
26	O-ring Ф25x2.65	242	Copper washer
27	Ring nut	525	Screw
28	O-ring Ф60x3.1	1002	Complete long cylinder
29	Short cylinder casing	1003	Complete short cylinder
30	Long cylinder casing	1004	Complete Non-return valve
31	Gasket for shaft YD50	1009	Set of YD gaskets for oil cylinder Φ50

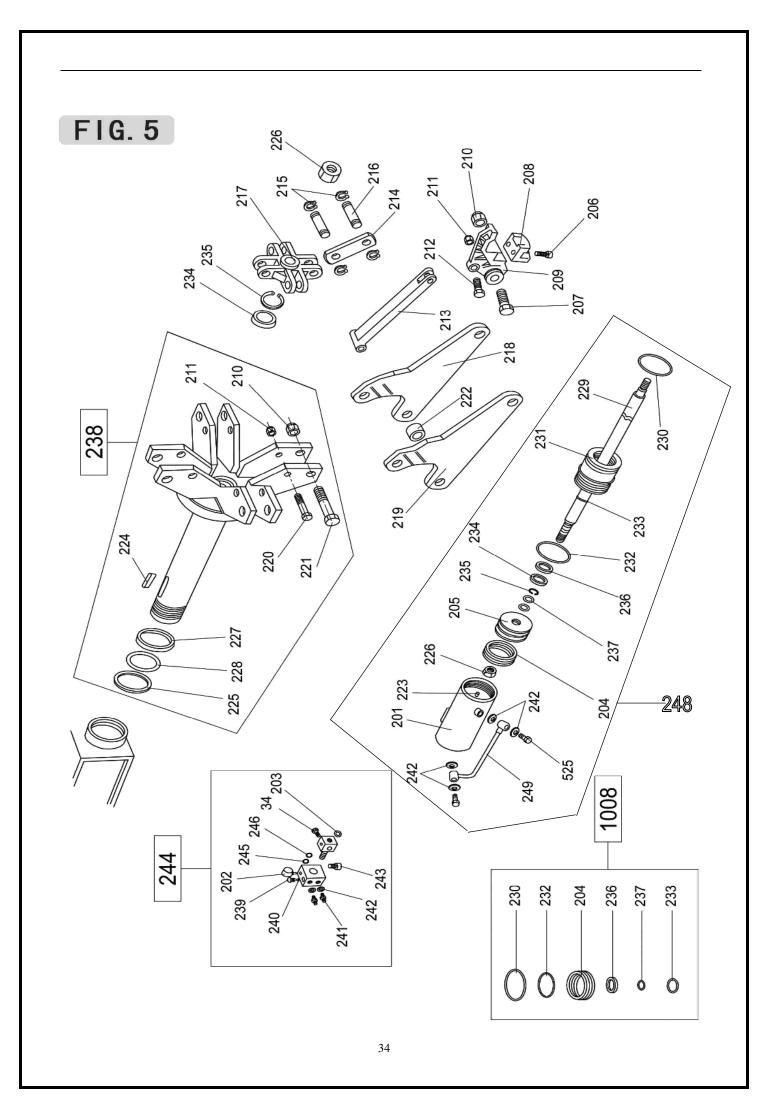
FIG. 3



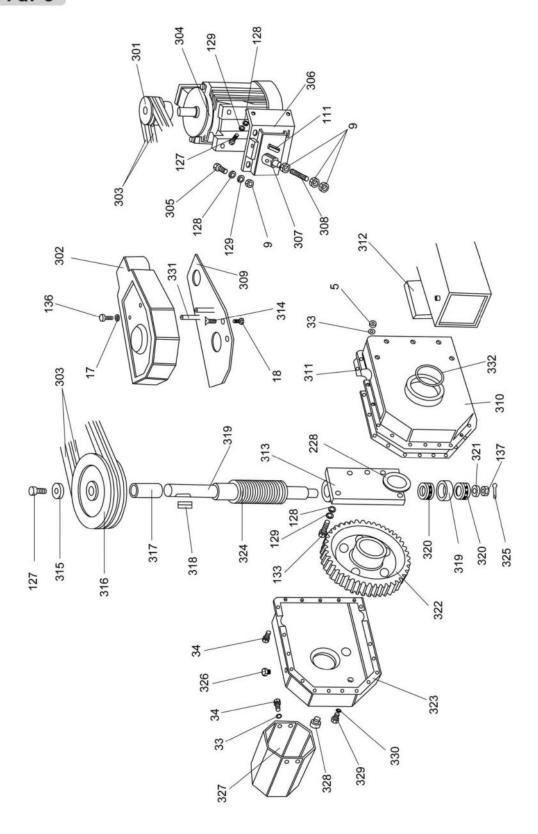
9	Nut M10	134	Screw M10x70(70)
11	Washer Φ`49*12.5*5	135	Screw M12*12
127	Screw M10x20	137	Nut M16
128	Washer Φ10.5	138	Roller
129	Washer Φ10	139	Screw M16x90
130	Screw M10x30	142	Guide shaft for mounting arm
131	Complete Carriage fixing accembly	149	Complete Carriage with roller
132	Carriage guide	1010	Roll with screw and nut
133	Screw M10x30(70)		



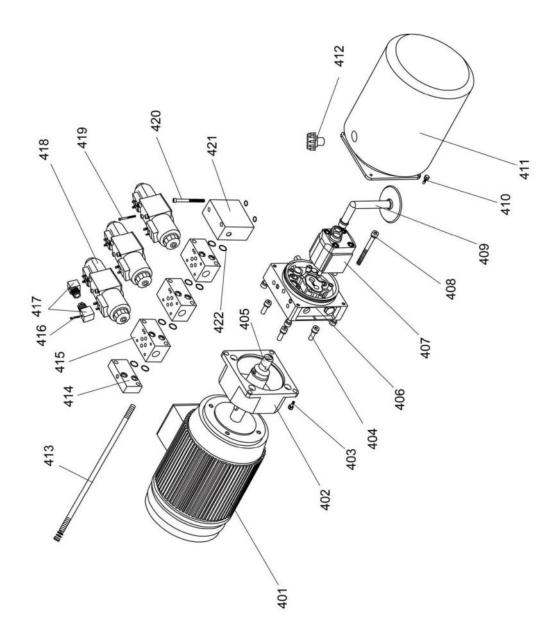
5	Nut M6	118	Knob
12	Oil hole	119	Damping cover
17	Washer Φ8	120	Ratchet
32	Self-locking nut M18X1.5	121	Screw M8x45
101	Tool pin	122	Spring
102	Mounting/demounting tool	123	Eccentric bolt for ratchet
103	Spring	124	Nut M8
104	Tool holder	125	Screw M8x25
105	Low nut M14*1.5	126	Mounting arm
106	Bead breaker disk	136	Screw M8X20
107	Pin for Bead breaker disk	140	Arm ejector
108	Hook for spring	141	Compression spring for mounting arm
109	Expansile pin Ф8x60	143	Returnable Spring
110	Self-locking nut M27*2	144	Yoke end with pin
111	Expansile pin Ф6x20	145	Pawl
112	Expansie pin Ф10х20	146	connection rod
113	Expansile pin Ф8х30	147	Triangle connection(safe block)
114	Returnable spring	148	Screw M6x25
115	Lever for latch	1001	Complete Mounting head assembly
116	Connecting piece for latch	1011	Complete Latch for mounting tool
117	Latch	1005	Complete mount/demount arm



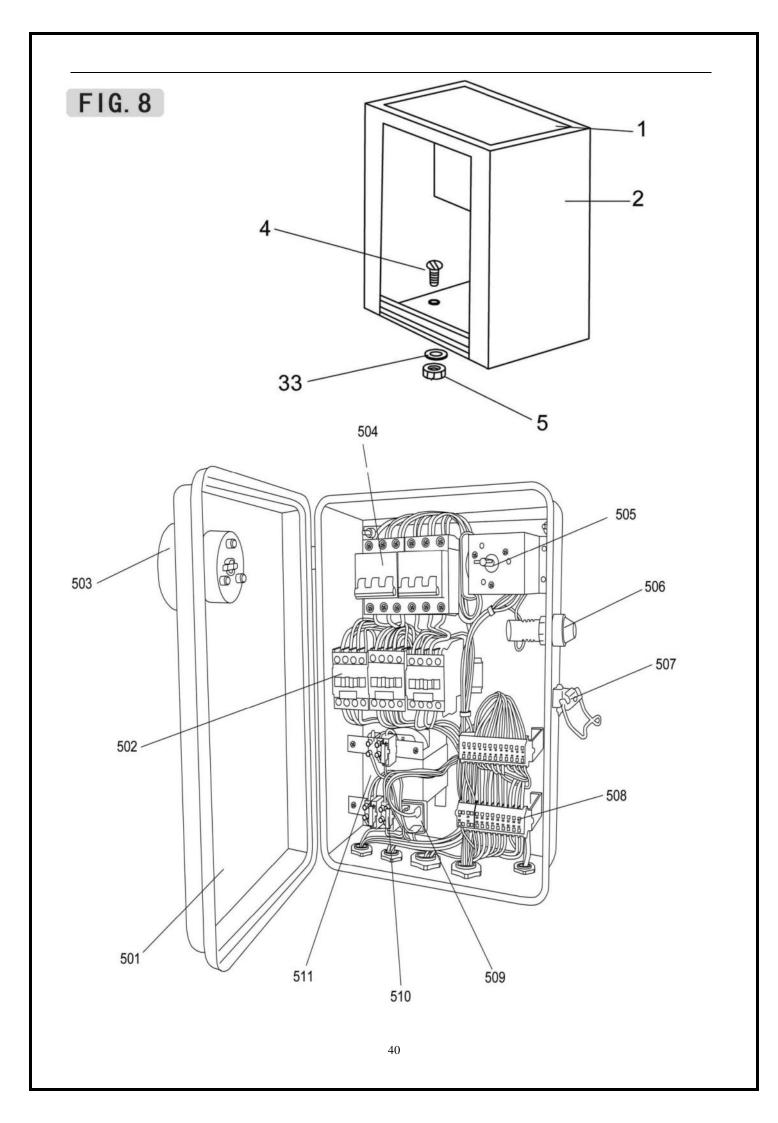
34	Screw (70) M6X16	226	Nut M24x2
201	Casing for cylinder Φ95	225	Washer
202	Pressure gauge	227	Protection ring
203	O-ring	228	Washer Φ75x91x0.5
204	Gasket YD95	229	Chuck control shaft/Hydraulic cylinder rod for
204	Gasket 1090	229	main shaft
205	Piston	230	O-ring Ф90x5.7
206	Screw M8x25(70)	231	Front flange for cylinder Φ95
207	Mean special screw M18x1.5	232	O-ring Ф87.5x3.55
208	Clamping jaw	233	O-ring Ф34*3.1
209	Clamping jaw holder	235	Seeger ring int. Φ50
210	Self-locking nut M18	236	Gasket YD35
211	Self-locking nut M12	237	O-ring Ф24x2.4
212	Special screw M12	238	Complete chuck
213	Reinforcing bar	239	Unilateralism valve (keep pressure)
214	Connecting link for chuck	240	Set of washer
215	Seeger ring ext Φ16	241	Nipple M14-M14(convex)
216	Pin for connecting link	242	Copper washer
217	Cross for chuck	243	Nipple M14-M14(concave)
218	Right arm	244	Complete rotary union
219	Left arm	245	O-ring
220	Long special screw M12	246	Washer
221	Long special screw M18	248	Complete hydraulic cylinder for main shaft
222	Arm bush	249	Copper tube
223	Screw M6x10(up)	525	Screw
224	Key 60x20x12	1008	Set of YD gaskets for cylinder Φ95



5	Nut M6	310	Gearbox rear cover
9	Nut M10	311	Gasket for gear box
17	Washer Φ8	312	Gasket for cover plate
18	Screw M8x12	313	Worm screw support
33	Washer Φ6	314	Screw
34	Screw M6x16(70)	315	Special washer
111	Expansile pin Φ6x20	316	Driven belt pulley
127	Screw M10x20	317	Pulley spacer
128	Washer Φ10.5	318	Key
129	Washer Φ10	319	Radial bearing
133	Screw M10x30(70)	320	Thrust bearing
136	Screw M8X20	321	Washer Φ38x16.2x5
137	Nut M16	322	Helical gear
228	Washer Φ75x91x0.5	323	Gearbox front cover
301	Pulley	324	Worm screw(without iron support)
302	Cover for V-belt	325	Open pin
303	Belt 3V-335	326	Plug for gear
304	Rotating motor, for Truck Tyre changer 400V/50HZ/3PH	327	Cover for chuck cylinder
304	Rotating motor, for Truck Tyre changer 220V/60HZ/1PH	328	Oil sign glass
305	Screw M10x25	329	Plug for gearbox cover
306	Motor support	330	O-ring for plug for gearbox
307	Joke end with pin	331	Shaft of protection cover
308	Tie bar	332	O-ring Φ105x3.7
309	Cover support		

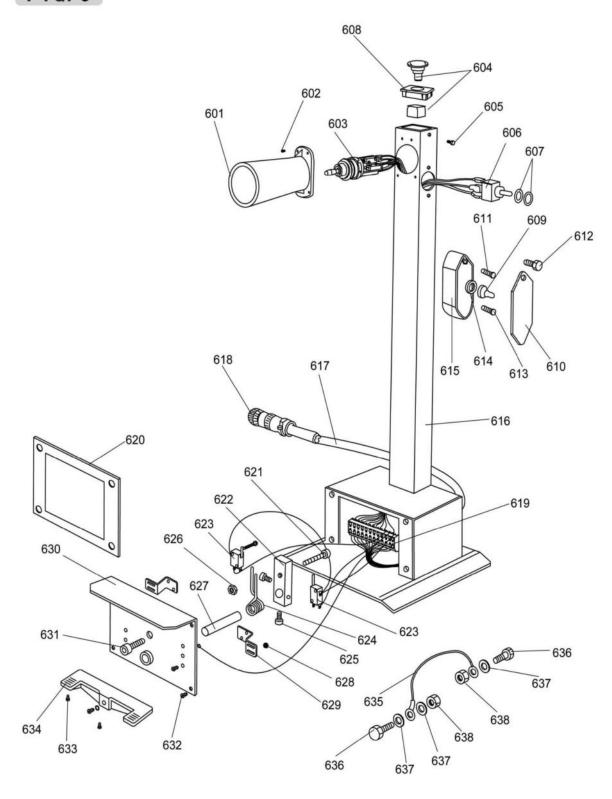


401	Hydraulic motor, for Truck Tyre changer 220V/60HZ/1PH	412	Oil scale
401	Hydraulic motor, for Truck Tyre changer 400V/50HZ/3PH	413	Connecting screw rod
402	Connect flange	414	End capped
403	Screw	415	Module
404	Screw	416	Screw
405	Shaft connector	417	Electric magnetic valve plug
406	Valve	418	Electric magnetic valve
407	Gear pump	419	Screw
408	Screw	420	Screw
409	Strainer	421	Permanent seat
410	Screw	422	O-Ring
411	Oil tank	133	Screw M10x30(70)

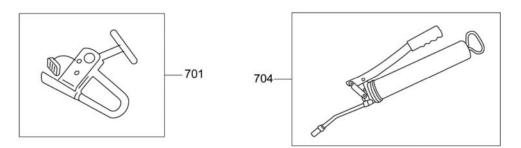


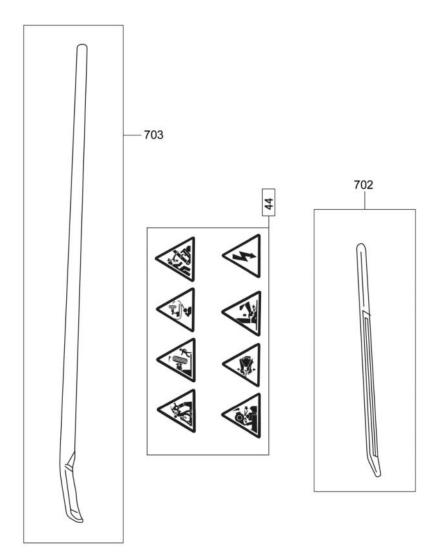
1	Electric box cover	504	Safety switch
2	Electric box	505	Main switch
4	Round head Screw M6x20	506	Pilot lamp
5	Nut M6	507	Lock
33	Washer Φ6	508	Socket for solenoid
501	Electric box	509	Bridge rectifier
502	Contactor	510	Fuse bag
503	Main switch	511	Transformer

FIG. 9



601	Switch cover	620	Seals
602	Screw	621	Screw
603	Four position switch	622	Foot pedal iron
604	Emergency switch	623	Microswitch
605	Screw	624	Spring
606	Slamping switch	625	Screw
607	Washer	626	Screw cap
608	Emergency switch washer	627	Shaft
609	Protection ring	628	Screw cap
610	Protection cover	629	Bracket
611	Screw	630	Foot pedal plate
612	Screw	631	Screw
613	Screw	632	Screw
614	Washer	633	Screw
615	Box	634	Foot pedal board
616	Control unit	635	Connection wires
617	Main wires	636	Screw
618	Plug	637	Washer
619	Terminal box	638	Screw cap

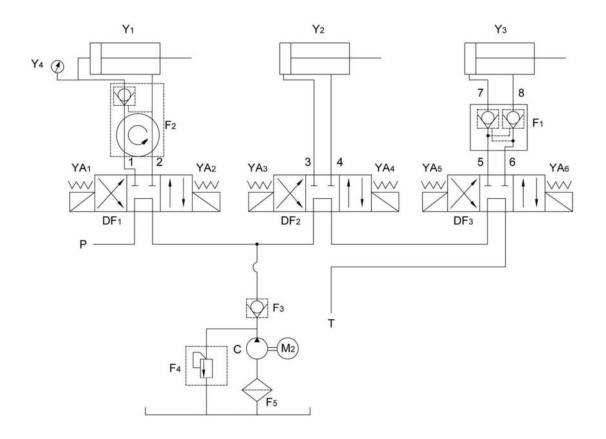




44	Set of warning label	
701	Bead holding device for alloy rims	
702	Tyre lever	
703	03 Bead guide lever	
704	Lubricating pump	

20 HYDRAULIC & CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

FIG.11



NUMBER	NAME	MODEL	QUANTITY
Y1	THICK HYDRAULIC CYL INDER	TGФ95×200	1
Y ₂	LONG HYDRAULIC CYL INDER	TG Ф50×1000	1
Y3	SHORT HYDRAULIC CYL INDER	TG Ф50×380	1
Y4	PRESSING METER	Y-40	1
1、2	ASSEMBLY OF SQUARE BEND AND PIPE	GPU Ф6-1-4UMPa1200	2
3、5、6	STRAIGHTWAY FOUND PIPE JOINT	GPU Ф6-1-4UMPa880	3
4	STRAIGHTWAY FOUND PIPE JOINT	GPU Ф6-1-4UMPa1520	1
7	HYDRALIC CYLINDER TIE-IN	TG Φ8×140	1
8	HYDRALIC CYLINDER TIE-IN	TG Φ8×105	1
M ₂	MOTOR	Y-90L4	1
F1	HYDRAULIC LOCK	TGF-YS6	1
F ₂	ROTARY PIPE JOINT	TGF-HJ4	1
F3	CHECK VALVE	TGF-DC6C	1
F4	RELIEF VALVE	TGF-YL4-C	1
F5	HYDRAULIC FILTER	TGL-M18	1
DF1~DF3	HYDRAULIC SOLENOID VALVE	4WE6E61/CG24	3
С	GEAR PUMP	CBK-2.5	1
Р	FEED OIL CIRCUIT		
T	BACK OIL CIRCUIT		

